Reference 5

	INITIAL ASSESSMENT FORM						
	SITE NAME AND LOCAT	NOI:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
01 SITE NAME Gas storage building now location of Idaho National CPP-668. 02 ADDRESS Idaho National Laboratory (INF				ional Engineering			
03	CITY Scoville		04 STATE Idaho		IP CODE 403		COUNTY Butte
09	COORDINATES: NORTH	E.	AST	07 C	OUNTY C	ODE	08 CONG. DIST.
	<u>6 9 5 8 7</u>	5 29	<u>6 1 2 5</u>				
10	10 DIRECTIONS TO SITE (Starting from nearest public road) N. on Lincoln Blvd.; E. on Cleveland Ave.						
II	. OWNER/OPERATOR						
	OWNER (If known) Department of Energy	(DOE)	02 STRE 785	ET ADI DOE P			
03	CITY Idaho Falls		04 STAT Idaho				06 TELEPHONE NUMBER (208) 526-1122
ا م	OPERATOR (If known) Westinghouse Idaho N	Nuclear Co	08 STRE	ET ADI Box			
09	OCITY 10 STATE 11 ZIP CODE 12 TELEPHONE NUMBE Idaho Falls Idaho 83403 (208) 526-0998						
II:	I. CHARACTERIZATION (F POTENTI.	AL HAZARD				
01	ON SITE INSPECTION	x YES	ио	DATI	E <u>7 /1</u>	0 /8	36
02	SITE STATUS (Check of	one)			1	YEAF ne	RS RECEIVED HAZ WASTE
	A. Active SWMU _2	B. Inact	ive C.	Unkno			Stop Unknown
04 S	DESCRIPTION OF SUBST ee Waste Information	TANCES POS Section	SIBLY PRES	ENT, I	KNOWN,	OR A	ALLEGED
	DESCRIPTION OF POTEN ee Hazardous Condition					OR E	POPULATION
IV	. INFORMATION AVAILA	BLE FROM					
	CONTACT lifford Clark		ency/Org.) E-ID		0		ELEPHONE NUMBER 08) 526-1122
, &O	PERSON RESPONSIBLE R ASSESSMENT		GENCY	06 01		07	TELEPHONE NUMBER
<u> </u>	. Joan Poland	W	INCO	И&:	IS		(208) 526-3650
08	08 DATE 10 / 7 /86 Mon Day Year						

WASTE INFORMATION								
I ASTE STATES, QUANTITIES, AND CHARACTERISTICS								
A. Solid B. Powde	01 PHYSICAL STATES (Check all that apply) 02 WASTE QUANTITY AT SITE A. SolidE. Slurry B. Powder FinesF. Liquid							
03 WASTE CHARACTERISTICS (Check all that apply) _A. Toxic								
CATEGORY SLU OLW SOL PSD OCC IOC ACD BAS MES	SUBSTANCE NAME Sludge Oily Waste Solvents Pesticides Other organic chemicals Inorganic chemicals Acids Bases Heavy metals		S AMOUNT	02 UNIT	COMMENTS			
I AZAR 01 CATEGOR	DOUS CONSTITUENTS Y 02 SUBSTANCE 03 CAS NUMB!		STOR/DISI METHOD	P 05 CON	C. 06 MEASURE			
Us ecif	ES OF INFORMATION ic references, e.g., statetions, personnel interv	te title: iews, pro	s, sample ocess reco	analysis ords, lab	reports,etc.) oratory records.			

and the second second

	HAZARDOUS C	TIDNO	IONS A	AND	INCIDE	NTS		
I.	HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS							
	A. GROUNDWATER CONT. 0 NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION:	2	OBSER	VED	(Date)	_	POTENTIAL ALLEGED
	N/A							
	B. SURFACE WATER CONT. 0	2 _	OBSER	VED	(Date)		POTENTIAL
03	NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION:							ALLEGED
	N/A							
01 03	C. CONTAMINATION OF AIR 0 POULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED	2 04	OBSER'	VED VED	(Date DESCR) IPTION		POTENTIAL ALLEGED
	N/A							•
71	D. FIRE/EXPLOSIVE CONDITIONS 0	2	OBSER	VED	(Date)		POTENTIAL
د, 	POPULATION POTENTIALLY AFFECTED	04	NARRA.	LIVE	DESCR	IPTION		ALLEGED
	N/A							
								-
					(Date DESCR) IPTION		POTENTIAL ALLEGED
	N/A							
						-		
01		2	OBSER	VED	(Date			POTENTIAL
03	NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION:				en en e			ALLEGED
				٠	•			
	G. DRINKING WATER CONTAMINATION NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION:	02	OBSE	RVED	(Date)	_	POTENTIAL ALLEGED
1	N/A							
								1
1								

	HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS
7	AZARDOUS CONDITIONS AND INCIDENTS (Continued)
01	
	N/A
	K. DAMAGE TO FAUNA 02 OBSERVED (Date) POTENTIAL NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION: (include name(s) of species) ALLEGED
	N/A
	L. CONTAMINATION OF FOOD CHAIN 02 OBSERVED (Date) POTENTIAL NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION: ALLEGED
	N/A
	M. UNSTABLE CONTAINMENT OF WASTES 02 OBSERVED (Date) POTENTIAL PILL RUNOFF, STANDING LIQUIDS/LEAKING DRUMS)
	NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION: ALLEGED
	N/A
	N. DAMAGE TO OFFSITE PROPERTY 02 OBSERVED (Date) POTENTIAL NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION: ALLEGED
	N/A
Ì	O. CONTAMINATION OF SEWERS,STORM 02OBSERVED(Date)POTENTIAL DRAINS, WWTPS NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION: ALLEGED
	N/A
01 04	P. ILLEGAL/UNAUTHORIZED DUMPING 02 OBSERVED (Date) POTENTIAL NARRATIVE DESCRIPTION: ALLEGED
	N/A
05	DESCRIPTION OF ANY OTHER KNOWN, POTENTIAL OR ALLEGED HAZARDS
	None. Radionuclide contamination only.
II:	I. COMMENTS
-	<pre>JRCES OF INFORMATION (List specific references, e.g., state titles,</pre>

PRIORITY RANKING SYSTEM					
I. GENERAL FACILITY INFORMATION					
FACILITY NAME: CPP (==== Storage Building LOCATION: NAME: Storage Building POINT OF CONTACT: NAME:					
ADDRESS:					
REVIEWER: DATE: 10/18/86					
II. GENERAL FACILITY DESCRIPTION					
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE FACILITY: (For example: landfill, surface impoundment, pile, container; types of hazardous substances; location of facility; contamination route of major concern; types of information needed for rating; agency action, etc.) Eculdence used until mid 1970s to store radioactively contaminated gas suffered in Conscipling were cleaned up and shapped off site. Acy contamination has been cleaned up. We recorded. CPP 668 has been built on this pite.					
III. SCORES					
SM =					

GROUND WATER ROUTE WORKSHEET								
RATING F	ACTOR	ASSIGNED VALUE (Circle one)	MULTI- PLIER	SCORE	MAX. SCORE	REF. Section		
						3.2		
1.ROUTE CHAR Depth to Aq Concern	2		6					
Net Precipi Permeabilit Unsaturat	tation y of the	0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3	1		3 3			
Physical St		0 1 2 3	1		3			
	Total Route C	Characteristics Score		3	15			
2.CONTAINMEN	T	0 1 2 3	1	3	3	3.3		
3.WASTE CHARACTERISTICS xicity/Persistence			1		18 8	, 3.4		
T	otal Waste Ch	aracteristics Score		0	26			
4. Multipl	y lines 1 x 2	2 x 3		0	1170			
5. Divide line 4 by 1170 and multiply by 100 Sgw= 0								

SURFACE WATER ROUTE WORKSHEET							
RATING FA	ACTOR	ASSIGNED VALUE (Circle one)	MULTI- PLIER	SCORE	MAX. SCORE	REF. Section	
						4.2	
1.ROUTE CHARM Facility Slo		(9) 1 2 3	1		3		
1-yr. 24-hr. Distance to Surface Wa	. Rainfall Nearest	0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3	1 2		3 6		
Physical State		0 (1) 2 3	1		3		
2	rotal Route	Characteristics Score		6	15		
2.CONTAINMENT	<u> </u>	1	0	3	4.3		
3.WASTE CHARA Toxicity/Per irdous Wa lantity	1		18 8	, 4.4			
To	otal Waste	Characteristics Score		0	26		
4. Multiply		0	1170				
5. Divide line 4 by 1170 and multiply by 100 Ssw= O							

AIR ROUTE WORKSHEET									
RATING FACTOR	ASSIGNED VALUE (Circle one)	MULTI- PLIER	SCORE	MAX. SCORE	REF. Section				
1.HISTORIC RELEASE	0 45	1	0	45	5.1				
Date and Location: See attached supplement pages									
If line 1 is 0, the Sa = 0. Enter on line 5.									
If line 1 is 45, the	n proceed to line 2.								
2.WASTE CHARACTERISTIC: Reactivity and Incompatibility	S 0 1 2 3	1	,	3	5.2				
Toxicity Hazardous Waste Quantity	0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	3 1		9 8					
Total Waste	Characteristics Score			20	ŕ				
ARGETS Population within 4-mile Radius	0 9 12 15 18 21 24 27 30	4. 1		30	5.3				
Distance to Sensitive Environment		2		6					
Land Use	0 1 2 3	1		3					
Total Targ	et Scores			39					
4. Multiply lines 1	x 2 x 3			35100					
5. Divide line 4 by 3	5. Divide line 4 by 35100 and multiply by 100 Sa = 0								

	S	2 S
GROUNDWATER ROUTE SCORE (Sgw)	0	0
SURFACE WATER ROUTE SCORE (Ssw)	0	0
AIR ROUTE SCORE (Sa)	0	0
2 2 2 Sgw + Ssw + Sa		0
2 2 2 SQR(Sgw + Ssw + Sa)		0
2 2 2 SQR(Sgw + Ssw + Sa)/1.73 = SM		0

W

DOCUMENTATION RECORDS FOR HAZARD RANKING SYSTEM

INSTRUCTIONS: As briefly as possible, summarize the information you used to assign the score for each factor (e.g., "Waste quantity = 4.230 drums plus 800 cubic yards of sludges"). The source of information should be provided for each entry and should be a bibliographic-type reference. Include the location of the document.

FACILITY NAME: CPP Gro Storage Building
LOCATION: Now location of CPP. 668
DATE SCORED:
PERSON SCORING: D. Joan Polan
FRIMARY SOURCE(S) OF INFORMATION: Site inspections, personnel interneurs and process records
interneurs and process records

COMMENTS OR QUALIFICATIONS:

Radio nuclides oaly

FACTORS NOT SCORED DUE TO INSUFFICIENT INFORMATION:

GROUNDWATER ROUTE

OBSERVED RELEASE - Undertake Corrective Action
 Contaminants detected (3 maximum):

Name

Rationale for attributing the contaminants to the facility:

2. ROUTE CHARACTERISTICS

Depth to Aquifer of Concern

Name/description of aquifer(s) of concern:

Snake Revei Plain Agusfer

Depth(s) from the ground surface to the highest seasonal level of the saturated zone [water table(s)] of the aquifer of concern:

450

Depth from the ground surface to the lowest point of waste disposal/storage:

2

Net Precipitation

Mean annual or seasonal precipitation (list months for seasonal):

9.07 inches

Mean annual lake or seasonal evaporation (list months for seasonal):

36 inches

Net precipitation (subtract the above figures):

- 26.93 inches

Permeability of Unsaturated Zone

Soil type in unsaturated zone:

An interbedded sequence of basaltic lava flows and sedimentary deposits.

Permeability associated with soil type:

 10^{-7} to 10^{-3} cm/sec

Physical State

Physical state of substances at time of disposal (or at present time for generated gases):

3. CONTAINMENT

Containment

Method(s) of waste or leachate containment evaluated:

None

Method of highest score:

4. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Toxicity and Persistence

Compound(s) evaluated:

- None

Compound with highest score:

None !

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Total quantity of hazardous substances at the facility, excluding those with a containment score of O (Give a reasonable estimate even if quantity is above maximum):

Name

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

14

Checklist for Groundwater Releases

<u>Ide</u>	<u>ntify</u>	ing Re	elease	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
1.	Pote	ntial	for Groundwater Releases from the Unit		
	o	Unit	type and design		
		•	Does the unit type (e.g., land-based) indicate the potential for release?	_	
		-	Does the unit have engineered structures (e.g., liners, leachate collection systems, proper construction materials) designed to prevent releases to groundwater?		<u> </u>
	0	Unit	operation		
	,	-	Does the unit's age (e.g., old unit) or operating status (e.g., inactive, active) indicate the potential for release?		✓.
		-	Does the unit have poor operating procedures that increase the potential for release?		<u>/</u>
		•	Does the unit have compliance problems that indicate the potential for a release to groundwater?		$ \underline{\checkmark} $
	0	Physi	ical condition		
		-	Does the unit's physical condition indicate the potential for release (e.g., lack of structural integrity, deteriorating liners, etc.)?		<u>/</u>
	0	Locat	tional characteristics		
		•	Is the unit located on permeable soil so the release could migrate through the unsaturated soil zone?		
		-	Is the unit located in an arid area where the soil is less saturated and therefore a release has less potential for downward migration?	$\underline{\vee}$	
		-	Does the depth from the unit to the uppermost aquifer indicate the potential for release?		_

Checklist for Groundwater Releases

				<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
		•	Does the rate of groundwater flow greatly inhibit the migration of a release from the facility?	<u>/</u>	
		-	Is the facility located in an area that recharges surface water?		<u> </u>
	o	Wast	e characteristics		
		•	Does the waste in the unit exhibit high or moderate characteristics of mobility (e.g., tendency not to sorb soil particles or organic matter in the unsaturated zone)?		
		•	Does the waste exhibit high or moderate levels of toxicity?		
2.	<u>Evid</u>	ence	of Groundwater Releases		•
	0	Exis	ting groundwater monitoring systems		/ /
	at .	.	Is there an existing system?	Annaha Palandara daba	_
		•	Is the system adequate?	*****	
			Are there recent analytical data that indicate a release?		
	٥	Othe	r evidence of groundwater releases		
	a	- · ·	Is there evidence of contamination around the unit (e.g., discolored soils, lack of or stressed vegetation) that indicates the potential for a release to groundwater?		<u>/</u>
	عدد. مدم	et i	Does local well water or spring water sampling data indicate a release from the unit?		<u> </u>
			the Relative Effect of the Release on Human		
1.	***************************************		Potential		
	0		iitions that indicate potential exposure		
	*	•	Are there drinking water well(s) located near the unit?		<u> </u>
	. •	<u>-</u> ,	Does the direction of groundwater flow in- dicate the potential for hazardous constitu- ents to migrate to drinking water wells?		_

SURFACE WATER ROUTE

1. OBSERVED RELEASE - Undertake Corrective Action

Contaminants detected in surface water at the facility or downhill from it (3 maximum):

None

Rationale for attributing the contaminants to the facility:

2. ROUTE CHARACTERISTICS

Facility Slope and Intervening Terrain

Average slope of facility in percent:

0.04%

Name/description of nearest downslope surface water:

Big Lost River

Average slope of terrain between facility and above cited surface water body in percent: $O, O \neq \mathcal{T}$

Is the facility located either totally or partially in surface water?

No

Is the facility completely surrounded by areas of high elevation?

No

1-year 24-Hour Rainfall in Inches

less than 2 inches

Distance to Nearest Downslope Surface Water

1,400 ft.

Physical State of Waste

Solid

3. CONTAINMENT

Containment

Method(s) of waste or leachate containment evaluated:

None

Method with highest score:

Checklist for Surface Water/Surface Drainage Releases

				<u>Yes</u>	No
Ide	ntify'	ing Re	leases		
1.			for Surface Water/Surface Drainage Release acility		. •
	O	Proxi Recep	mity to Surface Water and/or to Off-site		
		-	Could surface run-off from the unit reach the nearest downgradient surface water body?	<u></u>	<u>/</u>
		-	Could surface run-off from the unit reach off-site receptors (e.g., if facility is located adjacent to populated areas and no barrier exists to prevent overland surface run-off migration)?	Arkenisman	<u>/</u>
	0	Relea	se Migration Potential		
		-	Does the slope of the facility and intervening terrain indicate potential for release?		<u> </u>
		-	Is the intervening terrain characterized by soils and vegetation that allow overland migration (e.g., clayey soils, and sparse vegetation)?	·····	<u>/</u>
		-	Does data on one-year 24-hour rainfall indicate the potential for area storms to cause surface water or surface drainage contamination as a result of run-off?		<u>/</u>
	0	Unit	Design and Physical Condition		
		-	Are engineered features (e.g., run-off control systems) designed to prevent release from the unit?	· ·	
		-	Does the operational history of the unit indicate that a release has taken place (e.g., old, closed or inactive unit, not inspected regularly, improperly maintained)?	_	1/
		-	Does the physical condition of the unit indicate that releases may have occurred (e.g., cracks or stress factures in tanks or erosion of earthen dikes of surface impoundments)?		<u>/</u>

Checklist for Surface Water/Surface Drainage Releases

		<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>
o	Waste Characteristics		
	Is the volume of discharge high relative to the size and flow rate of the surface water body?		<u> </u>
	 Do constituents in the discharge tend to sorb to sediments (e.g., metals)? 		
	 Do constituents in the discharge tend to be transported downstream? 	-	<u>./</u>
	 Do waste constituents exhibit moderate or high characteristics of persistence (e.g., PCBs, dioxins, etc.)? 		$\sqrt{}$
	 Do waste constituents exhibit moderate or high characteristics of toxicity (e.g., metals, chlorinated pesticides, etc.)? 		<u> </u>
. Evi	dence of Surface Water/Surface Drainage Releases		
o	Are there unpermitted discharges from the facility to surface water that require an NPDES or a Section 404 permit?		
o	Is there visible evidence of uncontrolled run-off from units at the facility?		
	ning the Relative Effect of the Release on Human and the Environment		ý
. 0	Are there drinking water intakes nearby?	·	
C	Could human and/or environmental receptors —come into contact with surface drainage from the facility?		
o	Are there irrigation water intakes nearby?		<u> </u>
0	-Could a sensitive environment (e.g., critical habitat, wetlands) be affected by the discharge (if it is nearby)?		<u>/</u>

AIR ROUTE

1. OBSERVED RELEASE

Contaminants detected:

	None
	Date and Location of detection of contaminants:
	Methods used to detect the contaminants:
	Rationale for attributing the contaminants to the site:
≡ ar ·	{
2.	WASTE CHARACTERISTICS
	Reactivity and Incompatibility
	Most reactive compound:
manus primum	None
	Most incompatible pair of compounds:
	None

Toxicity

Most toxic compound:

Nace

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Total quantity of hazardous waste:

Nane

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

ŧ

Checklist for Air Releases

				Yes	No
<u>Ide</u>	<u>ntify</u>	ing R	<u>eleases</u>		
1.	Pote	ntial	for Air Releases from the Facility		
	0	Unit	Characteristics	. 🔻	
		-	Is the unit operating and does is expose waste to the atmosphere?		
		-	Does the size of the unit (e.g., depth and surface area) create a potential for air release?		V
	o		the unit contain waste that exhibits a rate or high potential for vapor phase ase?		
		-	Does the unit contain hazardous constituents of concern as vapor releases?		<u>/</u> .
		-	Do waste constituents have a high potential for volatilization (e.g., physical form, concentrations, and constituent-specific physical and chemical parameters that contribute to volatilization)?		
	o	cond	the unit contain waste and exhibit site itions that suggest a moderate or high ntial for particulate release?		
		•	Does the unit contain hazardous constituents of concern as particulate releases?		$\sqrt{}$
		-	Do constituents of concern as particulate releases (e.g., smaller, inhalable particulates) have potential for release via wind erosion, reentrainment by moving vehicles, or operational activities?		_
		••	Are particulate releases comprised of small particles that tend to travel off-site?		<u> </u>
	o		ertain environmental and geographic factors ct the concentrations of airborne contaminant	s?	
		•	Do atmospheric/geographic conditions limit constituent dispersion (e.g., areas with atmospheric conditions that result in inversions)?	/	
		-	Is the facility located in a hot, dry area?		

Checklist for Air Releases

			<u>res</u>	NO
2.	Evide	ence of Air Releases		
	0	Does on-site monitoring data show that releases have occurred or are occurring (e.g., OSHA data)?	Miljorito la loca	$\sqrt{}$
	0	Have particulate emissions been observed at the site?	*****	_
	o	Have there been citizen complaints concerning odors or observed particulate emissions from the site?	4	<u>'/</u>
		ing the Relative Effect of the Release on Human		
1.		sure Potential		
٠.	Exho:	In a negulated open located mean the cite?		1

Checklist for Subsurface Gas Releases

			Yes	No
<u>Ide</u>	ntify	ing a Release		
1.	Pote	ntial for Subsurface Gas Releases		
	O	Does the unit contain waste that generates methane or generates volatile constituents that may be carried by methane (e.g., decomposable refuse/volatile organic wastes)?		<u> </u>
	o	Is the unit an active or closed landfill or a unit closed as a landfill (e.g., surface impoundments and waste piles)?		<u>/</u>
2.	-	ation of Subsurface Gas to On-site or Off-site dings		
	0	Are on-site or off-site buildings close to the unit?	<u> </u>	
	0	Do natural or engineered barriers prevent gas migration from the unit to on-site or off-site buildings (e.g., low soil permeability and porosity hydrogeologic barriers/liners, slurry walls, gas control systems)?		<u>/</u>
	a	Do natural site characteristics or man-made structures (e.g., underground power transmission lines, sewer pipes/sand and gravel lenses) facilitate gas migration from the unit to buildings?		<u> </u>
		ing the Relative Effect of the Release on Human		
1.	Expo	sure Potential		
	o	Does building usage (e.g., residential, commercial) exhibit high potential for exposure?		1

3	CON	TAI	NM	ENT
1	~~.		17 1	- 11

Hazardous substances present:

None

Type of containment, if applicable:

2. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

Direct Evidence

Type of instrument and measurements:

Nace

<u>Ignitability</u>

Compound used:

None

<u>Reactivity</u>

Most reactive compound:

None

Incompatibility

Most incompatible pair of compounds:

None

Hazardous Waste Quantity

Total quantity of hazardous substances at the facility:

None

Basis of estimating and/or computing waste quantity:

3. TARGETS

Distance to Nearest Population

Off

Distance to Nearest Building

Oft

Distance to Sensitive Environment

Distance to wetlands:

Greater than 100 feet

Distance to critical habitat:

Greater than 1/2 mile

Land Use

Distance to commercial/industrial area, if 1 mile or less:

The INEL is a research facility. There are no commercial/industrial facilities within 1 mile.

Distance to national or state park, forest, or wildlife reserve, if 2 miles or less:

Greater than 2 miles

Distance to residential area, if 2 miles or less:

Greater than 2 miles

Distance to agricultural land in production within past 3 years, if 1 mile or less:

Greater than 1 mile

Distance to prima agricultural land in production within past 3 years, if 2 miles or less:

Greater than 2 miles

If a historic or landmark site (National Register or Historic Places and National Natural Landmarks) within the view of the site?

Big Southern Butter

Population Within 2-Mile Radius

1828

Buildings Within 2-Mile Radius

189

DIRECT CONTACT

1.	OBSER1	VED INCIDES	VΤ				
	Date,	location,	and	pertinent	details	of	incident:
		•		()			

2. ACCESSIBILITY

Describe type of barrier(s):

Buriel

3. CONTAINMENT

Type of containment, if applicable:

Name

.

4. WASTE CHARACTERISTICS

<u>Toxicity</u>

Compounds evaluated:

Nou

Compound with highest score:

5. TARGETS

Population within one-mile radius

1367

Distance to critical habitat (of endangered species)

Greater than 1 mile

Reference 6

Reference 7

TRACK-1 RISK EVALUATION SUMMARY

DATE:

1/24/92

SITE:

CPP-18

SUMMARY:

A track-I assessment was conducted to establish risk-based soil screening concentrations to evaluate potential hazardous contaminants at CPP-18. The dimensions of the contaminated region evaluated in the track-I assessment are: 10.7 m wide and 12.2 m long, with a depth of 0.3 m. Two radioactive contaminants were evaluated: Cs-137 and Sr-90. Both radionuclides are classified by the EPA as Group A human carcinogens. The calculation of soil screening concentrations was based on a target risk level representing a cancer risk of 1.0E-06 (based on carcinogenic effects). The evaluation followed the track-I guidance for the assessment of low probability hazard sites at the INEL (DOE/ID-10340(91)).

Summary tables of risk-based soil screening concentrations for each evaluated radionuclide are attached. Soil screening concentrations were calculated for both industrial and residential scenarios. The residential scenario considers exposures to individuals living at the site under contaminant conditions that would exist in 100 years (after institutional control). Four potential exposure pathways were evaluated, as applicable to the radionuclides: soil ingestion, inhalation of fugitive dust, groundwater ingestion (for residential scenario only), and external exposure.

The shaded box in the attached tables shows the lowest risk-based soil concentration for each radionuclide. External exposure provided the most significant risk (lowest risk-based concentration) for Cs-137. The most significant pathway for Sr-90 was soil ingestion.

SUMMARY TABLE OF RISK-BASED SOIL SCREENING CONCENTRATIONS FOR CPP-18 SOIL CONTAMINATION FOR CS-137

	Scenarios					
Exposure	Occupa	tional	Residential			
Pathways	Soil Concentration at 1E-06 Risk (pCi/g)	Soil Concentration at HQ = 1 (pCi/g)	Soil Concentration at 1E-06 Risk (pCi/g)	Soil Concentration at HQ = 1 (pCi/g)		
Soil Ingestion	1.32E+01	NA	1.32E+02	NA NA		
Inhalation of Fugitive Dust	2.99E+04	NA	2.99E+05	NA		
Inhalation of Volatiles	NA	NA	NA	NA		
External Exposure	2.94E-03ª	NA	2.94E-02ª	NA		
Groundwater Ingestion	NA	NA	>1.00E+06	NA		

NA = Not Applicable.
Shaded box = Lowest risk-based soil concentration.
a. Based on the external exposure risk from Ba-137m, the decay product of Cs-137.

SUMMARY TABLE OF RISK-BASED SOIL SCREENING CONCENTRATIONS FOR CPP-18 SOIL CONTAMINATION FOR SR-90

	Scenarios					
Exposure	0ccupa	tional	Residential			
Pathways	Soil Concentration at 1E-06 Risk (pCi/g)	Soil Concentration at HQ = 1 (pCi/g)	Soil Concentration at 1E-06 Risk (pCi/g)	Soil Concentration at HQ = 1 (pCi/g)		
Soil Ingestion	1.12E+01	NA	1.22E+02	NA		
Inhalation of Fugitive Dust	1.02E+04	NA NA	1.11E+05	NA		
Inhalation of Volatiles	NA	NA	NA	NA NA		
External Exposure		NA		NA		
Groundwater Ingestion	NA	NA	>1.00E+06	NA NA		

NA = Not Applicable.
-- = Calculation not performed because of no published toxicity value.
Shaded box = Lowest risk-based soil concentration.